

Name: _____

Date: _____

1. **True or False:** Sexual abuse can occur without touching.
2. **True or False:** Abuse and neglect may negatively affect a child's emotional and social development.
3. **True or False:** Exposing a child to pornographic material is not considered abusive.
4. **True or False:** Not only forced activity, but persuasion can be considered abusive.
5. **True or False:** Victims of child abuse often suffer from fear, guilt and anger.
6. **True or False:** "Child" is defined as anyone, unmarried under the age of 16.
7. **True or False:** Sexual abuse may negatively affect a child for their entire life.
8. **Situational offenders are:**
 - a. Opportunists
 - b. Exhibitionists
 - c. Chauvinistic
9. **Molesters and child abusers are usually:**
 - a. A respected member of the community, and known by the child
 - b. Strangers in trench coats
 - c. Over 50 years of age
10. **Molesters can "groom" a child by:**
 - a. Threatening the child
 - b. Offering gifts or favors to gain the trust of the child
 - c. Forcing the child to participate in sexual conduct
11. **A molester tries to insure secrecy by:**
 - a. Accepting responsibility for his actions
 - b. Threats, bribery or blame
 - c. Encouraging the child to discuss his fears with trusted friends
12. **An offender often:**
 - a. Notifies the church or camp that he has offended in the past
 - b. Asks for accountability from peers for abusive behavior
 - c. Seeks involvement in child related situations

13. Statistics indicate most molesters are:

- a. Male
- b. Female
- c. Female cousins

14. Which of the following behaviors is not a sign of possible abuse?

- a. Fear of a certain person or family member
- b. Torn, stained, or bloody underwear
- c. Is a top athlete

15. Identify which action “does not” indicate a form of sexual abuse

- a. Allowing a child to view pornography
- b. Touching the chest, genital area, buttocks, or upper legs
- c. Shoulder to shoulder hugs

16. You are the sponsor for a child that tells you that she has been forced to watch pornographic movies by an adult, should you report this?

- a. Yes, immediately
- b. No, because suspected abuse did not occur at camp
- c. Sometimes, but only when you have concluded the child’s story is true

17. When reporting sexual abuse, you must report incidents even if you cannot confirm the report of abuse is true.

- a. True
- b. False
- c. Only if you are reasonable sure it is true

18. Which of the following would not be considered a warning sign of a potential abuser?

- a. Adult who single out one child for “special” attention
- b. Adult who likes to work with youth
- c. Adults who own children’s books, toys, and games even though he/she has no children.

19. When abuse is strongly suspected, a camp counselor should:

- a. Interview everyone in the cabin
- b. Maintain the highest level of confidentiality while reporting to the licensed camp operator
- c. Ignore your suspicions and don’t get involved.

20. Which location is most appropriate to meet a camper for counseling?

- a. A semi-private area easily seen by others
- b. Alone in the church van
- c. Behind the worship center in the dark

21. Which example is not an example of a camper's privacy?

- a. Watching campers change clothes
- b. Walking with a camper to the worship center
- c. Laying in the bed of a camper

22. When reporting sexual abuse at camp, what is your responsibility?

- a. Notify your Licensed Youth Camp Operator?
- b. Get help even if you have to leave the camper in danger
- c. Investigate allegations

23. Which are inappropriate behaviors?

- a. Wrestling and tickling
- b. Full frontal hugs or waist hugging
- c. All of the above

24. Close supervision by adults during all swim activities is:

- a. Requested
- b. Mandatory
- c. A good idea

25. What is the purpose of this training?

- a. Need to fill a time slot
- b. Safety and protection of our children, churches, and camp
- c. To discourage working children and youth